

Whangarei District Council

Tuesday 13 and Wednesday 14 April 2021

Bulk Cat Submissions relating to the Long Term Plan 2021 - 2031

Volume Ten

Table Of Contents

Renate	∠
Renee	4
Reuben	
Reuben	/
Rewa	9
Rhylee	11
Pinna	13
Riana	
Rich	
Richard	17
Robin	18
Robyn	
Nobyli	
Rosser D	22
Roux D	23
Roy	24
Samarati S	25
Sandra	
Sarah	
Saul B	29
Scappini S	31
Sean	
Shar	
Shikira	35
Simon	37
Singh M	
Oligit W.	
Smith B	41
Smith C	
Soulsby S	43
Stokes K	
Sue	47
Sue	
Summer	47
Sun T.	
Tania	
Tasker M	52
Te Rangi	54
Ted C	56
<u>Teri</u>	57
Thomas	
Tim	60
Turner K	
Turner IX	
Valerie	
Van Lune R	64
Van Velsen I	66
Varghese J	67
Venables C.	
Vicki	
Voullaire C	72
Walker L	
Wang K	
Ward R	/8
Wendy	80
Williams J	
Wilkinson J	
Wilkinson-Mackie A	
Wilkinson-Mackie K	
	86
Williams A	86 87
Williams AWilson	86 87 89
Williams A	86 87 89
Williams A	86 87 89
Williams A	86 89 90
Williams A Wilson Wotcik D Wynyard F Xander	86 89 90 92
Wilkinson-Mackie K	86 89 90 93
Williams A. Wilson. Wotcik D. Wynyard F. Xander. Zhang P. Zimmer C.	86 87 90 92 93
Williams A Wilson Wotcik D Wynyard F Xander Zhang P	86 89 90 93



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- · eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

- leaving faeces in our gardens a health hazard where young children often play
- causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens
- creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate
 seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother
 cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured
 adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from
 untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help
 available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new by laws mandating that all companion cats are desexed, microchipped and registered by 6 months of age a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes.
 Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Renate

Street name: Crawford (rescent

Suburb: Kamp

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

6. Damaging our environment:

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- · competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- · shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name	Reneu	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4444444444
Address	Whaveore	Rd	
SuburbT	Tkipunga	E11 Z	





Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan

Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- · put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Rouber	<u></u>	********	
Street name	e Mistr	al Pl	ace	
	One Na			

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

- leaving faeces in our gardens a health hazard where young children often play
- causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens
- creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new by laws mandating that all companion cats are desexed, microchipped and registered by ϵ months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Ren Gen Street name: Mistral Maci Suburb: Operati

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- . spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

- leaving faeces in our gardens a health hazard where young children often play
- · causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and
- creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Rewa Street name: PAH RD

Suburb: ON ERAHI

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- . spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

- leaving faeces in our gardens a health hazard where young children often play
- · causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens
- creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are desexed, microchipped and registered by b months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Rhy 18 C

Street name: Banft 3t Suburb: Kinsing ton

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse
- 3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:
 - spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
 - getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
 - breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

6. Damaging our environment:

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name Riana	
Address Pukeatua	Rd
	pere



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

- leaving faeces in our gardens a health hazard where young children often play
- causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens
- creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new bulgws mandating that all companion cats are desexed, microchipped and registered by b months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Rich

Street name: Tuatara Trive

Suburb: Kano

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day - walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Richo	v.cl		
Street nam	ne Beach	ed,	maaamaaaa	
Suburb	Oneral			5077777000000

30 MAR 2021

OISTRICT COUNCIL

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

6. Damaging our environment:

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name.	Robin	 	
	Church		
SuburbC	Onerahi	 	 *********

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- · breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

6. Damaging our environment:

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name	Kobyn			
Address	195	ROCKELL	ROAD	
Suburb	MAHONA	KI WH	ANANAKI	

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and unban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and 'Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Mike Macartney, Mark Borich, Sue Palmer, Nikita O'Donnell, Chantelle Orchard, Yvette Hope, Jessle Beeler, Corinne Hopkins, Debbie Rosser

Street name and suburb 8 Millbrook Road, Waipu

Vet Practice YourVet Ltd

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei Area.

Northland Vet Group is the largest Veterinary Practice in Northland and we cover both large and small animal veterinary work from Helena Bay to Waipu.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

1. Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name DENAINE	Kaix
Street name and suburb	PINEHURST CLOSE, ICAMO
Vet Practice NCRTHLAN	

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Roy.		. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	 	*******
Street name .	Pah	Rd.	***********	 	*******
Suburb	Inga	rhi.	ra en la deserva espera de France.	 e e i je e e ejekova vista sivita sivita siv	

RECENED-CUSTOMER SERVICES

2 4 MAR 2021

DISTRICT COME

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

6. Damaging our environment:

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name: Sara Samovato

Position:

Address: Kerikeri Road

Brown land to the mollisher (artistell):

Brown land to the mollisher (artistell):

Brown land to the mollisher (artistell):

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maining them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	SALODRA	***********	 ***********	errete terreterige
	BEACH	25	 ************	(***************
Suburb	000	RAHI	 	isynininin



Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan

Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day - walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	SARAH
Street name	PATAUA NORTH ROAD
Suburb	NHAREORA

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the effective management of stray and abandoned cats and kittens in our community.

I work for Kainga Ora (Housing NZ), Whangarei, as a Tenancy Manager. I frequently see stray and abandoned cats and kittens when I visit my clients and can see the damage they are doing to residents' properties. I am also concerned about the health risks for our clients and their young children, created by large numbers of unowned and unwanted cats and kittens.

Our clients frequently complain to us about the numbers of stray and abandoned cats and kittens on their properties and the problems they create. These cats do not belong to the residents and all the neighbours know that they are strays. The residents are concerned and frustrated as the number of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens is increasing, because there is currently no organisation in Whangarei that is able to help them with this problem.

The Whangarei SPCA is not obligated to take in stray cats - their priority is vulnerable, sick and injured animals, and medical emergencies. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA made several changes. They have taken away their dog/puppies and cat/kittens 'drop in' boxes at the SPCA centre in Kioreroa Road. These used to be available when the centre is closed. They have stopped lending humane live capture traps to the public for trapping semi-wild or simply frightened domestic cats. They no longer accept stray cats from the local community either. These measures, along with Whangarei's rapidly growing human population, means increasing numbers of unowned and unwanted stray and abandoned cats and kittens in every suburb.

Stray and abandoned cats and kittens cause many problems and much anxiety for our clients. Some residents respond with kindness, sadly others are cruel and get rid of them any way they can. The majority of people do not like seeing these animals suffer and find it distressing to see desperate, skinny, starving cats and kittens in their gardens and on their doorstep all year round.

Our clients complain about stray and abandoned cats and kittens:

- · coming into their homes
- · causing flea infestations in their carpets
- causing young children to get skin infections from flea bites
- · spraying on their carpets and furniture

- · stealing food off kitchen benches and tables
- · breeding and fighting under their homes
- damaging insulation under their houses when female cats use it as a safe place to keep and raise young kittens
- · dying under their homes creating a putrid smell for several months
- breeding in their garages and garden sheds
- · spraying on the outside walls of their homes, garages and fences
- · leaving faeces in their gardens
- · eating their pets' cat/s and/or dog/s food
- · fighting with their pet cats and often causing them injury
- · spreading diseases like cat flu and feline aids to their pet cats/kittens
- creating unnecessary expensive vet bills
- causing suffering and sometimes slow premature deaths for pet cats/kittens when their owners cannot afford expensive vet bills

Most of our clients are beneficiaries or have low incomes. They often have limited resources, support and money, so are unable to resolve the problem themselves. They are dependent on community organisations to help them, but unfortunately, these organisations do not exist in Whangarei.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost. Over time, this would help reduce the number of stray cats in our community.
- Financially contribute to 'Snip n Chip' or 'Snip, Chip n Trip'
 programmes each year, involving either the Whangarei SPCA and/or local
 vets. This would provide subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 of cats for people on low incomes. This is already available in other areas of
 NZ.

Name: BRENDA SPAIL

Position at Kainga Ora, Whangarei: TEIBUNAL MEVSIATION

Personal contact details phone/email (optional):



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

6. Damaging our environment:

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name: 51/Ver 50	e appini
Position:	
Business/ community organisation:	Growers market
Address:	alenber vie

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):



Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan

Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Sean		
Street name .	Hoanga	Drive	 . 21. 22. 11. 11. 11. 12. 24. 12. 24.
Suburb	MIWINI	artonioni monor	

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

<u>Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can</u>, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- · put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	(Ca)	0,	
Street name	Pipiw	ai Kol	
Suburb	Matarau		

30 MAR 2021

DISTRICT COUNCY

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

5. Creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents:

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First name	shikira				
Address	highland	lmay m	aungata	pere	
	naungatap				

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- · breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First name SIMOP
Address 1582 WHANANAKI NOOTH RO
Suburb HIKURANG (

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the effective management of stray and abandoned cats and kittens in our community.

I work for Kainga Ora (Housing NZ), Whangarei, as a Tenancy Manager. I frequently see stray and abandoned cats and kittens when I visit my clients and can see the damage they are doing to residents' properties. I am also concerned about the health risks for our clients and their young children, created by large numbers of unowned and unwanted cats and kittens.

Our clients frequently complain to us about the numbers of stray and abandoned cats and kittens on their properties and the problems they create. These cats do not belong to the residents and all the neighbours know that they are strays. The residents are concerned and frustrated as the number of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens is increasing, because there is currently no organisation in Whangarei that is able to help them with this problem.

The Whangarei SPCA is not obligated to take in stray cats - their priority is vulnerable, sick and injured animals, and medical emergencies. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA made several changes. They have taken away their dog/puppies and cat/kittens 'drop in' boxes at the SPCA centre in Kioreroa Road. These used to be available when the centre is closed. They have stopped lending humane live capture traps to the public for trapping semi-wild or simply frightened domestic cats. They no longer accept stray cats from the local community either. These measures, along with Whangarei's rapidly growing human population, means increasing numbers of unowned and unwanted stray and abandoned cats and kittens in every suburb.

Stray and abandoned cats and kittens cause many problems and much anxiety for our clients. Some residents respond with kindness, sadly others are cruel and get rid of them any way they can. The majority of people do not like seeing these animals suffer and find it distressing to see desperate, skinny, starving cats and kittens in their gardens and on their doorstep all year round.

Our clients complain about stray and abandoned cats and kittens:

- · coming into their homes
- · causing flea infestations in their carpets
- · causing young children to get skin infections from flea bites
- · spraying on their carpets and furniture

- · stealing food off kitchen benches and tables
- · breeding and fighting under their homes
- damaging insulation under their houses when female cats use it as a safe place to keep and raise young kittens
- · dying under their homes creating a putrid smell for several months
- · breeding in their garages and garden sheds
- · spraying on the outside walls of their homes, garages and fences
- · leaving faeces in their gardens
- · eating their pets' cat/s and/or dog/s food
- · fighting with their pet cats and often causing them injury
- · spreading diseases like cat flu and feline aids to their pet cats/kittens
- · creating unnecessary expensive vet bills
- causing suffering and sometimes slow premature deaths for pet cats/kittens when their owners cannot afford expensive vet bills

Most of our clients are beneficiaries or have low incomes. They often have limited resources, support and money, so are unable to resolve the problem themselves. They are dependent on community organisations to help them, but unfortunately, these organisations do not exist in Whangarei.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost. Over time, this would help reduce the number of stray cats in our community.
- Financially contribute to 'Snip n Chip' or 'Snip, Chip n Trip'
 programmes each year, involving either the Whangarei SPCA and/or local
 vets. This would provide subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 of cats for people on low incomes. This is already available in other areas of
 NZ.

Name: Michelle Singh 8/3/2021

Position at Kainga Ora, Whangarei: Placement Support Specialist

Personal contact details phone/email (optional):

New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this
 service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME: B	ary 5	alter				
HOME STREET NA	ME AND SU	BURB: _		(atama	in Rd	ROS Whoyere
VET PRACTICE:	Will	RA	Vel	Chan		



New bylaws needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

HOME STREET NAM	ME AND SUBURB:	Waiot	ing Rd.	Naiotira
VET PRACTICE:		vets c		

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei Area.



Northland Vet Group is the largest Veterinary Practice in Northland and we cover both large and small animal veterinary work from Helena Bay to Waipu.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name 37 Sculbs	B.V.M.S Northland Veterinary Group Whangarel 09 470060
Street name and suburh	Parkland Crescent Kame 0112
	x Vet Group Mauny

Susie Soulsby

New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this
 service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME: _	Kristen	Stokes	
HOME STR	REET NAME A	ND SUBURB:	Three mile Bush Road
VET PRAC	TICE: M'(1)	Road-	

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maining them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	. Sue	 	
Street nar	ne Beach Rol	 	erineri
Suburb .	Oneighi.	 	



Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan

Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- · a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- · put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name Sue	٠.
street name Kensington Heights Rise	
suburb Kensington	



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering and creating problems for residents in our community

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

- suffering from lack of basic care clean water and adequate food. They are
 unhealthy and often suffer from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth
 decay, and untreated flea and worm infestations. Consequently, most are weak and
 vulnerable and carry contagious diseases such as cat flu and feline aids.
- spreading diseases to our pets they frequently get into fights and cause injuries
 to our pet cats and kittens. This creates unnecessary and expensive vet bills, which
 many people cannot afford. If the cat or kitten is lucky it will survive, many suffer
 and eventually die, unless they receive immediate vet care.
- creating a nuisance they come into our homes, through doors and open windows, day and night - residents can't leave their windows open in the summer because cats sneak into their homes.
- · eating our pets' food creating additional pet food expenses
- stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables creating additional food bills
- causing flea infestations in our carpets, which residents have to pay to be treated
- causing skin infections in children from flea bites creating the need for extra doctor's visits and medication from the pharmacy, and causing distress to children and family members
- interrupting our sleep when fighting and mating at night under and outside our properties
- breeding under our homes and damaging insulation when female cats use under floor insulation as a safe place to raise young kittens
- breeding in our garages and garden sheds
- dying under our homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell which can last months
- spraying inside our homes damaging carpets and furniture and causing a disgusting smell that is very difficult to remove
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round

 leaving faeces in our gardens – a health hazard where young children often play

· causing some frustrated residents to get rid of them in cruel ways in their attempt to clear their homes and properties of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens

· creating daily anxiety and distress in kind and caring residents who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food. Other sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats are also hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu. These people know the cats have no future and there is no help available.

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new by/aws mandating that all companion cats are desexed, microchipped and registered by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in our community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: Summer

Street name: McLean Road
Suburb: Waipu

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- · dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- · leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- · competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name ON	, Sw			
Address	Mil	(Rd		
Business/ community	organisation	Yan De	ntal	
Position Gen	ral Dent	ist		

Personal contact details email/phone (optional)

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

<u>Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can</u>, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Taria	
Street name	poman	Road
Suburb	Onachi	



New by laws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- · eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- · interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- · competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- · shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new by/QWS mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: MIKE MISKER

Business/community organisation: PET ESSENTIALS WHANGARE!

Address: 32 A COMMERCE SI
WHANGARE!

Personal contact details email/phone (optional): COMPHY DIRECTOR

3 1 MAR 2021

6. Damaging our environment: WHANGAREI DISTRICT COUNCIL

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First name Te Rangi	
Address Tauros Street	
Suburb Karmanga	

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- · spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available



New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- 2. Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME: CARIS	TEO			
HOME STREET N	IAME AND SUBURB:	NGUNGURU	FORD ROAD	KIRIPAKA
VET PRACTICE:	MILL ROLETS			



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- · breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- · eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- · interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- · dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- · spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

	4.	
First name	Jan	
Address	Saenyx (X)	
Suburb	Norwings/de	

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

<u>Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can</u>, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

•	a one	way:	street	from t	he	Onerahi	Yacht	Club	to	HIII	St	
---	-------	------	--------	--------	----	---------	-------	------	----	------	----	--

- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	HOMAS
Street name	29 HARBOYR VIEW ROAD
Suburb	ONERAHI
NEED	STREET LIGHTS TO MAKE IT
	oe∈ SAF∈ !!Page 59 of 98



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

<u>Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can</u>, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	TIM	
Street name .	MAURTON	l L
Suburb	ONEXAHI	Asyn

New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- 2. Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME: KE	IN TURNER				
HOME STREET NA	ME AND SUBURB:	PRESWIT	85	, R01	RUAKAKA
VET PRACTICE:	MILL ROAD	VET CLINIC			



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First name	Valerie			
Address	WILLIAM	St.		
Suburb	Kensina	ton		
		>	111000000000000000000000000000000000000	

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dving under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Renee van Lune (Van Lune) Position: Director

Business/community organisation: Flower box Lara Road Maungatapere

letails email/phone (optional):

(Whangarei Growers

Market Address:

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name 1 (15 Van	Velsen	
Street name and suburb	RO 1	Kano
Vet Practice	4711	Vels



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Name Jery Torb Sorghese
Address
Business/community organisation.
Position
Personal contact details email/phone (optional)

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- · breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- · who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First name	Craio	Vena	ibles				ans :
riist name	January 1111	ham Villania			A A	*****************	
Address	2160	Wina	naki	north	Kd		****
	0.						
Suburb	Nhona	raki	******				con

3 1 MAR 2071

WHANGARE! DISTRICT COUNC

6. Damaging our environment:

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

First nameV	icki			
Address		ant R	bac	
Suburb. On		J		

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the effective management of stray and abandoned cats and kittens in our community.

I work for Kainga Ora (Housing NZ), Whangarei, as a Tenancy Manager. I frequently see stray and abandoned cats and kittens when I visit my clients and can see the damage they are doing to residents' properties. I am also concerned about the health risks for our clients and their young children, created by large numbers of unowned and unwanted cats and kittens.

Our clients frequently complain to us about the numbers of stray and abandoned cats and kittens on their properties and the problems they create. These cats do not belong to the residents and all the neighbours know that they are strays. The residents are concerned and frustrated as the number of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens is increasing, because there is currently no organisation in Whangarei that is able to help them with this problem.

The Whangarei SPCA is not obligated to take in stray cats - their priority is vulnerable, sick and injured animals, and medical emergencies. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA made several changes. They have taken away their dog/puppies and cat/kittens 'drop in' boxes at the SPCA centre in Kioreroa Road. These used to be available when the centre is closed. They have stopped lending humane live capture traps to the public for trapping semi-wild or simply frightened domestic cats. They no longer accept stray cats from the local community either. These measures, along with Whangarei's rapidly growing human population, means increasing numbers of unowned and unwanted stray and abandoned cats and kittens in every suburb.

Stray and abandoned cats and kittens cause many problems and much anxiety for our clients. Some residents respond with kindness, sadly others are cruel and get rid of them any way they can. The majority of people do not like seeing these animals suffer and find it distressing to see desperate, skinny, starving cats and kittens in their gardens and on their doorstep all year round.

Our clients complain about stray and abandoned cats and kittens:

- · coming into their homes
- · causing flea infestations in their carpets
- · causing young children to get skin infections from flea bites
- · spraying on their carpets and furniture

- stealing food off kitchen benches and tables
- · breeding and fighting under their homes
- damaging insulation under their houses when female cats use it as a safe place to keep and raise young kittens
- · dying under their homes creating a putrid smell for several months
- · breeding in their garages and garden sheds
- spraying on the outside walls of their homes, garages and fences
- leaving faeces in their gardens
- · eating their pets' cat/s and/or dog/s food
- · fighting with their pet cats and often causing them injury
- · spreading diseases like cat flu and feline aids to their pet cats/kittens
- · creating unnecessary expensive vet bills
- causing suffering and sometimes slow premature deaths for pet cats/kittens when their owners cannot afford expensive vet bills

Most of our clients are beneficiaries or have low incomes. They often have limited resources, support and money, so are unable to resolve the problem themselves. They are dependent on community organisations to help them, but unfortunately, these organisations do not exist in Whangarei.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost. Over time, this would help reduce the number of stray cats in our community.
- Financially contribute to 'Snip n Chip' or 'Snip, Chip n Trip'
 programmes each year, involving either the Whangarei SPCA and/or local
 vets. This would provide subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 of cats for people on low incomes. This is already available in other areas of
 NZ.

Name: Sheryll Voullaire

Position at Kainga Ora, Whangarei:

Tenancy Manager

Personal contact details phone/email (optional):

DISTRICT COUNCIL

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name: Leona Walter

Position:

Business/community organisation: Tens Patch - Whangarei

Address: Tangihua Rd, Growers

Maungatianamea

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

MAH 2021

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- · breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- · competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

mactal	Wany		
Name. 4.19[3]	DI Zanua	^	
Address Will W. ICK.	Ph Raymung	Δ	
Business/community or	ganisation 1.6 ar]	- Cakes + fa	rstries
Position	.,		
Personal contact details	s email/phone (optional)		

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the effective management of stray and abandoned cats and kittens in our community.

I work for Kainga Ora (Housing NZ), Whangarei, as a Tenancy Manager. I frequently see stray and abandoned cats and kittens when I visit my clients and can see the damage they are doing to residents' properties. I am also concerned about the health risks for our clients and their young children, created by large numbers of unowned and unwanted cats and kittens.

Our clients frequently complain to us about the numbers of stray and abandoned cats and kittens on their properties and the problems they create. These cats do not belong to the residents and all the neighbours know that they are strays. The residents are concerned and frustrated as the number of unwanted and unowned cats and kittens is increasing, because there is currently no organisation in Whangarei that is able to help them with this problem.

The Whangarei SPCA is not obligated to take in stray cats - their priority is vulnerable, sick and injured animals, and medical emergencies. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA made several changes. They have taken away their dog/puppies and cat/kittens 'drop in' boxes at the SPCA centre in Kioreroa Road. These used to be available when the centre is closed. They have stopped lending humane live capture traps to the public for trapping semi-wild or simply frightened domestic cats. They no longer accept stray cats from the local community either. These measures, along with Whangarei's rapidly growing human population, means increasing numbers of unowned and unwanted stray and abandoned cats and kittens in every suburb.

Stray and abandoned cats and kittens cause many problems and much anxiety for our clients. Some residents respond with kindness, sadly others are cruel and get rid of them any way they can. The majority of people do not like seeing these animals suffer and find it distressing to see desperate, skinny, starving cats and kittens in their gardens and on their doorstep all year round.

Our clients complain about stray and abandoned cats and kittens:

- · coming into their homes
- causing flea infestations in their carpets
- causing young children to get skin infections from flea bites
- · spraying on their carpets and furniture

- · stealing food off kitchen benches and tables
- · breeding and fighting under their homes
- damaging insulation under their houses when female cats use it as a safe place to keep and raise young kittens
- · dying under their homes creating a putrid smell for several months
- breeding in their garages and garden sheds
- · spraying on the outside walls of their homes, garages and fences
- leaving faeces in their gardens
- · eating their pets' cat/s and/or dog/s food
- · fighting with their pet cats and often causing them injury
- · spreading diseases like cat flu and feline aids to their pet cats/kittens
- · creating unnecessary expensive vet bills
- causing suffering and sometimes slow premature deaths for pet cats/kittens when their owners cannot afford expensive vet bills

Most of our clients are beneficiaries or have low incomes. They often have limited resources, support and money, so are unable to resolve the problem themselves. They are dependent on community organisations to help them, but unfortunately, these organisations do not exist in Whangarei.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost. Over time, this would help reduce the number of stray cats in our community.
- Financially contribute to 'Snip n Chip' or 'Snip, Chip n Trip'
 programmes each year, involving either the Whangarei SPCA and/or local
 vets. This would provide subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering
 of cats for people on low incomes. This is already available in other areas of
 NZ.

Name: hose word

Position at Kainga Ora, Whangarei:

Personal contact details phone/email (optional):

Maintenna Supervisor 8/3/2021

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day - walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maiming them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St
- put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	Wendy
Street name	Chester cline
Suburb	Oneraly



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- · employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name:

Janine Williams Manager Position: Manager

Business/community organisation: Hukerenui Gardeny

Address: Hukerenui Rd, RDz Hikurangi.

Whangarei 0187

Whangarei Grage 82 of 98 Market)

4 MAH 2021

DISTRICT COON.

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- · spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- · leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- · who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name	Jonny Wilk	11500	******************		
	3-5 Hunt				
Business/c	ommunity organisation.	Tiaho	Trust -	- Disabilit	es.
	CEO				
Personal co	ontact details email/pho	ne (optional)	jonny at	riano.og.n	2

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei Area.

Northland Vet Group is the largest Veterinary Practice in Northland and we cover both large and small animal veterinary work from Helena Bay to Waipu.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name Alan Wi	ltiuson-			4	
Street name and suburb		and,	tavus	Hart,	will
Vet Practice NOHLU	and	Vet	Gio	(A)	

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei Area.

- 1 & MAS 2021

OSHUCI COMIN

Northland Vet Group is the largest Veterinary Practice in Northland and we cover both large and small animal veterinary work from Helena Bay to Waipu.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name	Kevi	Wilki	1501-	1 Macki	P	
Street name a	and suburb	RDA	Who	ngaei	0174	
Vet Practice	Not	hland!	Vet.	Group	/	



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- · eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dving under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- · who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name: Andrew Williams

Position: OWNER

Business/community organisation: HUKERENVI GARDENS

Address: HUKERENUL RO ROZ HIKURANGI WHANGAREI 0182

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

(Whangarei Growers Market)

Submission for WDC 2021-2031 Long Term Plan



Section of Beach Road, Onerahi, is dangerous for pedestrians

The section of Beach Road, from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St is extremely dangerous. The road is narrow and barely wide enough for two vehicles to pass each other, especially for large trucks and cars towing boats. It is potentially dangerous for pedestrians because this road finishes at the sea wall and there is no footpath for people and their families.

The WDC has created a well-used, safe, shared path from Beach Road, along the Waimahanga Track and Riverside Drive, to the Town Basin. Many more people are using Beach Road because there is now a safe pathway. It is great to see people of all ages enjoying the area every day-walking, running, cycling and taking their dogs for a walk, families with babies in prams and young children riding their bikes. Many people like to complete a circuit of Beach Rd and have to use a dangerous, narrow road with no footpath to do this.

Frequently reckless drivers choose to use Beach Road to drive as fast as they can, sometimes with groups of cars. It is frightening when cars speed past and are dangerously close to you. These drivers have a complete disregard for the safety of people and their families who enjoy walking along this scenic part of our harbour.

Many species of birds live in this area. I regularly walk around Beach Road and I frequently witness cruel drivers deliberately mowing down flocks of birds, killing and maining them. Many people do not realise that some species like the Red-billed Gull is native to NZ and their numbers are in decline. Caring people do not like to witness this deliberate cruelty. This creates additional work for the Native Bird Recovery Centre volunteers. Traffic calming measures would slow drivers down and make Beach Road safer for all bird life too.

The WDC has encouraged people to use this beautiful area and now needs to complete the circuit of Beach Road and make it safer for people and birdlife.

Suggestions - make Beach Road:

- a one way street from the Onerahi Yacht Club to Hill St
- · continue the concreted shared path to Hill St

11

· put in traffic calming measures from the Raurimu Road intersection to Hill St

First name	y Wilso	<i>O</i> 1	
Street name	Black	Rd.	
Suburb	Oner ghi		



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- · dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- · predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- · spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- · shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- · cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- 1. Introduce new by laws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name: DAMIAN WOTCIK

Business/community organisation: NORTHLAND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
Address: 2 DIP ROAD, KAMO, WHANGAREI

Personal contact details email/phone (optional): work PHONE 09-435-(674

WDC 2021 Submission: New bylaws needed for mandatory desexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. Many of our clients in both rural and urban domiciles report the presence of unowned and unwanted cats that appear and fight for food and territory, biting and injuring their own domestic pets in the process of day-to-day survival. Sometimes these cats are not seen, so this is the first evidence of their presence.

These unowned cats breed rapidly so the problem is an increasing one. A female cat can produce 2-4 litters a year with no particular breeding seasons. Each litter can number an average of 3-5 kittens that are sexually mature from 4 months old. De-sexing would stop this population growth. The local SPCA de-sexes many cats, but are becoming overwhelmed by the sheer numbers of unowned and unwanted cats.

Stray, lost and abandoned cats and those not adequately fed decimate wild bird populations. With the aims for a predator-free New Zealand by 2050 it is essential to have some effective programs in place to control the populations of these very efficient hunters in our extensive bush and native flora areas.

Microchipping gives each cat a unique number. It is the size of a grain of rice implanted under the skin, like a vaccination, usually during the de-sexing procedure by a vet or vet nurse. Vet practice and SPCA staff use a microchip reader that scans the chips radio signal and detects the unique 16 digit number. The number is registered on a database that links the cat to the owner's details. Without the registration, the animal cannot be reunited with an owner. When a stray, lost or abandoned, sick or injured cat is presented to the vet, the lack of a microchip means that there are delays in diagnosis and treatment for the patient due to a lack of owner permission.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping of cats: the UK and Japan are currently considering new guidelines and it is compulsory in France, Belgium, Greece and some parts of Spain and Australia.

I would like to suggest the following solutions to the above problems:

 Financially contribute to a Whangarei "Chip and snip" programme involving local vet practices. This would provide subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering of companion cats for people on benefits/pensions and low incomes.

Name Felicity Wynyard	
Street name and suburb. Here taunga Street,	TIKI DIMOR
Vet Practice Plano Hill Vets	



New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

 from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries

2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- · causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. The SPCA no longer lends humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. The SPCA do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost'/'stray' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate. Since Covid 19 the SPCA has further reduced its services. The SPCA vets and SPCA inspectors are only working weekdays 9am-5pm.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

First name Xander	
SHIL	
Address	
suburb Maungatapere	

MAH 2021

OISTRICT COUNTY

New bylaws and resources urgently needed for the management of 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens that are suffering from starvation and cruelty; damaging our environment; and creating problems for residents and businesses in our community.

I am a resident in the Whangarei district. I am aware that people in all suburbs have problems with 'lost' and abandoned cats and kittens, whether it be one or two cats or colonies of 20-30. These unowned and unwanted cats and kittens create many different problems and cause unnecessary anxiety, work and expense for residents and businesses, and damage to native wildlife.

Lost and abandoned cats and kittens are:

1. Suffering:

- from chronic dehydration, starvation, constipation, tooth decay, flea and worm infestations, disease and untreated injuries
- 2. Victims of a disturbing range of cruelty and abuse

3. Creating a nuisance and problems for residents:

- spreading diseases to pets such as cat flu and feline aids
- getting into fights and causing injuries to pets creating unnecessary and expensive vet bills
- breeding in garages, garden sheds and under homes damaging the insulation

4. A health and hygiene issue:

- · eating pets' food, and stealing people's food from kitchen benches and tables
- causing flea infestations in carpets, and skin infections from flea bites
- interrupting sleep when fighting and mating
- dying under homes in inaccessible places creating a revolting smell
- spraying inside homes damaging carpets and furniture
- spraying on fences and outside walls creating a gross smell all year round
- leaving faeces in gardens a health hazard for young children
- carry toxoplasmosis contagious to immune comprised people

- who hate seeing tiny, vulnerable, kittens that are skinny and starving, often with the mother cat desperately looking for food
- who have sick, malnourished and sometimes injured adult and juvenile cats hanging around, many with eye infections from untreated cat flu
- who know these cats have no future and there is no help available

- predating on native species birds, small mammals, lizards and insects
- competing with native species for food and water resources
- spreading diseases such as toxoplasmosis

7. Creating a nuisance for business owners:

- shoppers seeing starving cats and kittens eating out of rubbish bins
- employees taking time off work to take boxes of kittens found at their workplace to the SPCA
- cats breeding out the back of cafes, restaurants and supermarkets

The SPCA prioritises sick and injured animals and is not obligated to accept 'lost' cats and kittens. In January 2019, the Whangarei SPCA removed both their 'drop in' boxes for dogs/puppies and cats/kittens for out of hours use. They no longer lend humane live capture traps for catching semi-wild or simply scared pet cats. They do not accept 'stray' cats from the community any more. This means the number of 'lost' cats and kittens will rapidly escalate.

I would like the WDC to help solve this problem:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered (on NZCAR the NZ Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age - a once in the cat's lifetime cost.
- 2. Provide and financially contribute to subsidised de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes throughout year for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community. Mandatory de-sexing would also reduce the number of unwanted cats and kittens taken to cat shelters. Mandatory microchipping and registering would enable many lost cats and kittens to be reunited with their owners.

Name: Reng Zhaff
Position: Growers Man Ket Zhang)
Business/community organisation:
Address: Part Marsdem HW, Rua Kaka

Personal contact details email/phone (optional):

Page 96 of 98

New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- 2. Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME:	Cassar	ndra	Zi	mmer	
HOME STRE	ET NAME AND	SUBURB: _	View	Road,	Hikurangi.
VET PRACTIC	CE: M.//	Road	Vet	Clinic	whangare

New by-laws are needed for mandatory de-sexing and microchipping of cats in the Whangarei area.

There is a huge problem with stray, lost and abandoned cats in the Whangarei area. These unowned, and not de-sexed, cats and kittens create many different problems for the community. They breed rapidly, so the problem is an increasing one.

Compulsory de-sexing of companion cats would help to slow this population growth.

Compulsory microchipping will give each cat an individual identifying number, and compulsory registration on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) will link the cat to an owner.

There is a worldwide movement towards the mandatory microchipping and de-sexing of companion cats.

I would like the Whangarei District Council to help solve this problem in the following ways:

- Introduce new bylaws mandating that all companion cats are de-sexed, microchipped and registered on the NZCAR (New Zealand Companion Animal Register) by 6 months of age.
- 2. Financially contribute to subsidized de-sexing, microchipping and registering programmes for people on low incomes. Some councils in NZ already provide this service by working with their local vet clinics and/or SPCA.

Over time, both these measures would help to reduce the number of lost and abandoned cats and kittens in the community.

NAME: Nicole Ingains	(Zwaans)	
HOME STREET NAME AND SUBUR	B: Killen Street	tenjington
VET PRACTICE: MAN ROOM NA	1	*