Long Term Plan Update:

Infrastructure Strategy & & Draft Development Contributions Policy

10 December 2020



Infrastructure Strategy (Draft)

- The Infrastructure Strategy (IS) sets out at a high level, Councils strategy for managing its infrastructure assets 2021- 2051, including the need for: renewals, response to growth and maintaining levels of service
- The purpose of the Infrastructure Strategy is to identify the significant infrastructure projects and issues for Council over a 30-year management period, along with the most likely management scenario.
- The IS aims to communicate the key issues, direction and concepts in a way that can be easily understood, and along with the Financial Strategy is a key supporting document for the Long Term Plan
- This is a rough draft, refinement will be undertaken



Where we are

 The Strategy incorporates financial analysis from the capital projects included in the LTP and the projects from Activity Management Plans for the mid and longer term of the Strategy

 The Strategy is in a draft form and requires minor formatting and graphical changes and inclusions, detailed checking of financial alignment, structure and corrections

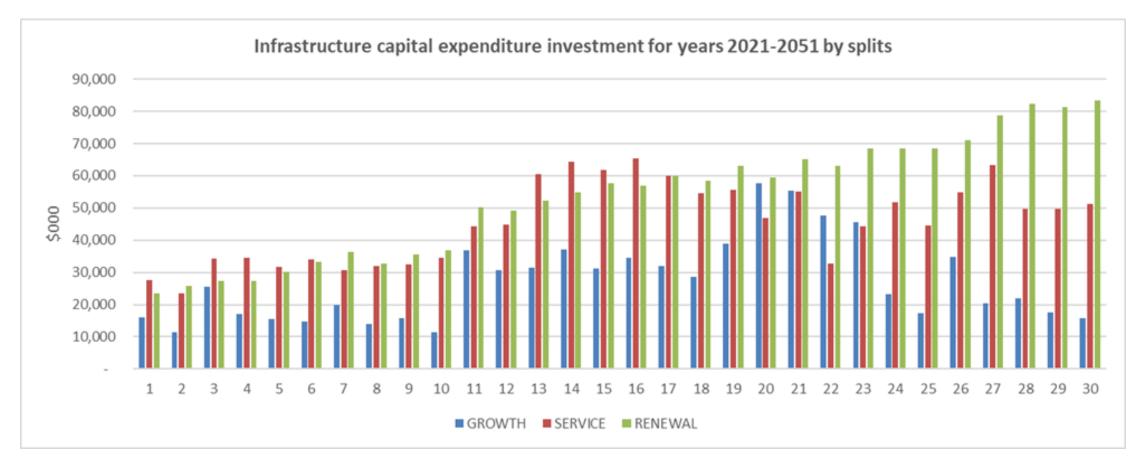


Infrastructure Strategy - Key Drivers

- Elected members priorities and
 - Growth
 - Climate Change
 - Covid-19
 - New Legislation and regulatory reform
 - Community wellbeing and public health
 - New Technologies
 - Community Expectations
 - Capacity to deliver capital works

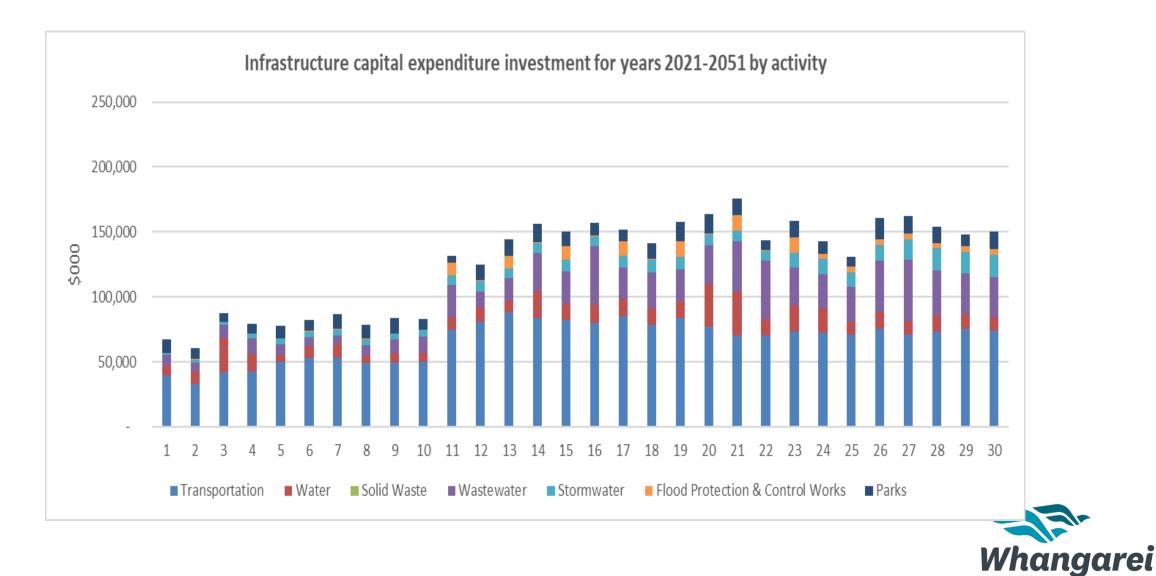


Capital Expenditure by primary driver 2021-2051





Capital Expenditure by Activity



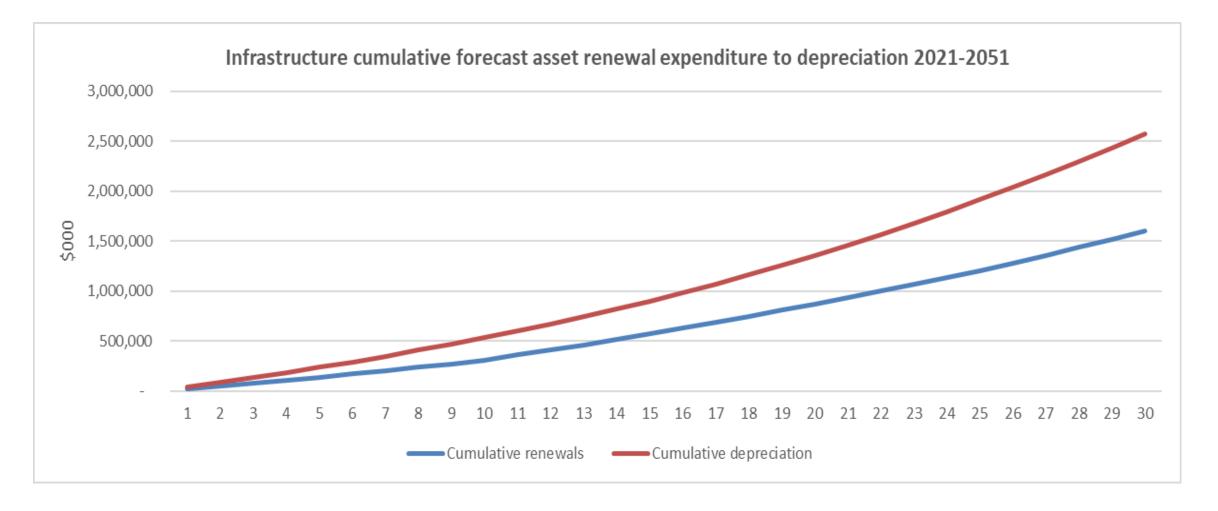
District Council

Infrastructure Strategy - Our Story

- Existing assets in reasonable shape
- Have sufficient capacity in most areas to cater for population growth
- Lots of unknowns into the future such as
 - Impact of Climate Change
 - Wide range of legislative and regulatory changes
 - 3 Waters uncertainty
- Resources constraints internal and external to deliver an ever increasing programme (programme reflects our resources)
- Improvement plan for capex delivery
- Depreciation vs. renewals



Depreciation vs. renewals





Significant projects

The projects below have largely been identified as significant projects because of the cost and public interest (triggered either by their construction or potential environmental and cultural importance)

Please note that these are either funded in the Long Term Plan or are within the individual Activity Management plans and outside the funding period

- Ruakaka wastewater ocean outfall is scheduled from 2038 (or earlier) with an estimated uninflated cost: \$60 million (based on the current known information and technology)
- Riverside Drive/ Onerahi Road is scheduled from 2024 28 with an estimated uninflated cost: \$30 million
- Port/Kioreroa Road Intersection upgrade is scheduled from 2021-2022 with an estimated uninflated cost:
 \$16 million
- Poroti Water treatment plant upgrade is scheduled 2021-2023 with an uninflated cost of \$26 million



Significant projects... (cont.d)

- New water dam source is scheduled for 2039 2042 with an estimated uninflated cost: \$30 million
- Ruakaka wastewater treatment plant Upgrade design and consent is scheduled for 2021 for extension of the consent, physical works will be reviewed based on known information, technology and zoning decisions. Uninflated cost: \$21 million
- **Upgrade of Whangārei Wastewater Treatment Plant** is scheduled for 2021 2028 with an estimated uninflated cost: \$7 million for odour control and up to **\$23 million** for nutrient removal
- Matapouri wastewater scheme will be reviewed through sanatory assessments, with consultation being taken if it is the preferred option. Estimated uninflated cost: \$63M
- Major Sportshub purchase and development is scheduled for 2024 28 with an estimated uninflated cost:
 \$15 million



Development Contributions Policy

Note: that the Policy is largely complete but still subject to minor changes, formatting and corrections (Post adoption)

Development Contributions - We have previously:

- Presented the Policy document
- 1st draft of charges
- noted that project schedules will be updated in the final document
- We have discussed our charges and that they will be different to any other Councils
- The affect of growth on charges and that generally higher growth will bring the charges down
- New project costs, especially in small catchments will cause spikes (think about capping)

Updated Draft Charges

Draft Development Contribution Charges

- Key Inputs Growth Model and Capital projects
- Counter intuitive outcomes
- Indicative Charges



Draft Charges 2021

Comparison of Proposed 2021 Charges and 2018 Policy Charges V.Di 9/12/2020
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		oosed 2021 Ch	V.Di		V2 Di 2040 0	2040 Delley	
Activity and Catchment	Catchment Charges	Community Wide	V.Di	Proposed Capping	V2.Di - 2018 % Change	Charges	Comments
Libraries				Capped			
LIDI GI 163	Catchment	Community Wide	Total Charges	charge			
Citywide	\$ 139.47	<u> </u>	\$ 240.10	charge	-29%	\$ 338	
Rural	\$ 139.47	\$ 100.63	100.63		-30%	•	
Parks and Reserves	· -	3 100.03	100.03		-30 /8	¥ 177	
aiks and Neserves							
2	Catchment	Community Wide	Total Charges		201		
Coastal Villages	\$ 272.62		\$ 1,875.64		-2%		
Countryside	\$ -	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,603.02		-12%		
Growth Nodes	\$ -	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,603.02		-12%		
Rural Villages	\$ -	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,603.02		-12%		
Satellite Towns	\$ -	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,603.02		-12%		
Jrban Villages	\$ 119.95	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,722.97		-13%	\$ 1,972	
Vhangarei City	\$ 116.59	\$ 1,603.02	\$ 1,719.61		-12%	\$ 1,964	
ransport and Roading	Catchment	Community Wide	Total Charges				
North Coastal	\$ 1,903.19	-	\$ 6,507.08		-30%	\$ 9,297	
North Rural	\$ 2,955.58		\$ 7,559.46		-42%		
Ruakaka	\$ 2,955.56	<u> </u>			-42%		
South	\$ 459.14			-	-47%	\$ 11,864	
			\$ 6,339.67				
Whangarei City	\$ 1,194.50	\$ 4,603.89	\$ 5,798.39		-25%	\$ 7,768	
Wastewater	Catchment Community Wide		Total Charges				
A/\A/		_	422.04		570/	\$ 291	Renewals improved capaci
WW Hikurangi		\$ -	\$ 123.84		-57%	40 - 50 4	so split changed
NW Marsden Point-Ruakaka		\$ -	\$ 9,596.10		-11%	\$ 10,724	
NW Ngunguru		\$ -	\$ 4,215.98		-23%	\$ 5,487	
NW Oakura		\$ -	\$ 14,665.23		-21%		Growth model adjustments
WW Portland		\$ -	\$ 86.60		-63%	\$ 232	
WW Tutukaka		\$ -	\$ 8.71			\$ -	No charges
						\$ 13,543	Project is completed and
WW Waiotira		\$ -	\$ 1,942.02		-86%	*	capacity used
WW Waipu		\$ -	\$ 1,769.21		-41%		Cotobmont on saife project
						\$ 11,563	Catchment specific project reduced by \$7m network
A/\\A/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			d 2.222.52		700/		inprovements & pump
WW Waipu Cove_Langs Beach		\$ -	\$ 3,228.59		-72%	¢ 2.475	stations
WW Whangarei		\$ -	\$ 1,925.71		-39%		0 1: 0010
WW Whangarei Heads		\$ -	\$ 34,365.62		-7%	\$ 36,827	Capped in 2018
Water	Catchment Community Wide Charges Charges		Total Charges				
Bream Bay North		\$ -	\$ 2,976.70		-47%	\$ 5,591	
Bream Bay South		\$ -	\$ 3,045.29		-50%		
Mangapai		\$ -	\$ 11,858.05		-1%	\$ 11,948	
		-	11,030.03		170	\$ 6,684	This results from a project specific catchment new
Maungakaramea		\$ -	\$ 22,493.53		237%		resevoir and limited growth
Whangarei City		\$ -	\$ 4,347.32		-35%	\$ 6,649	
Whangarei Heads		\$ -	\$ 8,828.87		14%		
Whangarei North		\$ -	\$ 3,070.28		-47%		
, vilangarer Nortif	l	1 ~	3,070.28		-4770	5,174	
							İ



Average HUES – by Catchment

Activity Area	Avera Whan HUE	ge garei City	Average North Rural HUE	Aver Wha HUE	ingarei Heads	erage akaka HUE	Average Rural South HUE	Average Waipu		Average North Coastal	
Library	\$	240.10	\$ 100.63	\$	100.63	\$ 100.63	100.63	\$	100.63	\$	100.63
Parks	\$	1,722.97	\$ 1,603.02	\$	1,875.64	\$ 1,603.02	1603.0182	\$	1,603.02	\$	1,875.64
Transport	\$	5,798.39	\$ 7,559.46	\$	6,507.08	\$ 5,063.03	6339.6709	\$	6,339.67	\$	6,507.08
Wastewater	\$	1,925.71			\$21,568	\$ 9,596.10		\$	1,769.21		
Water	\$	4,347.32		\$	8,828.87	\$ 2,976.70		\$	3,045.29		
	\$	14,034.49	\$ 9,263.11	\$	38,880.22	\$ 19,339.48	\$ 8,043.32	\$	12,857.82	\$	8,483.35



Where to from here, lets discuss?

Capping Options – Stand back testing

